C.1.2 Practice Quiz

SS.7.C.1.2 Trace the impact that the Magna Carta, English Bill of Rights, Mayflower Compact, and Thomas Paine’s Common Sense had on colonists’ views of government.
C.1.2 Practice Quiz

1) Which belief did the colonists hold based on rights granted by Magna Carta?

A. All human beings are entitled to certain natural rights.
B. The king only rules over his subjects by their consent.
C. New taxes cannot be imposed on subjects without their approval.
D. All criminals must be tried in England rather than in the colonies.
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2) The diagram below shows the influence of a historic document.

**English Tradition**

**Magna Carta (1215)**

**Colonial Views of Government**

Which phrase completes the diagram?

A. All human beings possess certain natural rights.
B. Natural law is based on the exercise of human reason.
C. New taxes should be approved by the people’s representatives.
D. The best governments separate their powers into three branches.
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Magna Carta (1215) →          ?

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3) The sentence below is from Clause 12 of Magna Carta (1215).

No scutage or aid shall be imposed on our kingdom unless by common counsel of our kingdom.

How did this clause influence colonial views of government?

A. Colonists believed the will of Parliament was supreme.
B. Colonists believed they were so heavily taxed that no new taxes could be justified.
C. Colonists believed Parliament could not impose new taxes on them without their approval.
D. Colonists believed every person was entitled to life, liberty and property based on natural law.
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4) Which right was guaranteed to English subjects by the English Bill of Rights in 1689?

A. the right to bear arms  
B. freedom of the press  
C. the right to assemble  
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5) The information below summarizes provisions of a historic document.

- The king promised to have frequent Parliaments.
- The king promised not to levy taxes without the approval of Parliament.
- The king promised not to raise a standing army without the approval of Parliament.

Which document had these provisions?

A. Magna Carta
B. Mayflower Compact
C. English Bill of Rights
D. Declaration of Independence
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Which phrase completes the chart?

A. The colonists declared their independence from English rule.
B. The colonists declared their alliance with Parliament against the king.
C. The king agreed not to collect new taxes without the approval of Parliament.
D. A group of early colonists agreed to form their own community and to obey their own laws.
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7) What influence did Thomas Paine’s *Common Sense* (1776) have on the colonists?

A. It reconciled them with King George III of England.
B. It established the framework for their later system of government.
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8) The passage below is from Thomas Paine’s 1776 pamphlet, *Common Sense*.

There is something exceedingly ridiculous in the [form] of monarchy; it first excludes a man from the means of information, yet empowers him to act in cases where the highest judgment is required. The state of a king shuts him from the world, yet the business of a king requires him to know it thoroughly . . .

How did Paine’s reasoning in this passage influence the colonists’ views of government?

A. They invited King George III to visit the colonies.
B. They invited George Washington to become king.
C. They rejected the monarchical form of government.
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9) The passage below is from Thomas Paine’s 1776 pamphlet, *Common Sense*.

[]It is not in the power of Britain to do this continent justice: The business of it will soon be too weighty, and intricate, to be managed with any tolerable degree of convenience, by a power, so distant from us, and so very ignorant of us . . . To be always running three or four thousand miles with a tale or a petition, waiting four or five months for an answer, which when obtained requires five or six more to explain it in, will in a few years be looked upon as folly and childishness.

Which statement summarizes Paine’s argument in this passage?

A. A distant government cannot protect individual rights.
B. Self-government is a natural right that belongs to all peoples.
C. The British do not know enough about the colonies to govern them.
D. The British have benefited enough from their investment in the colonies.
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The king of Bhutan…is the head of state, with executive power vested in the cabinet, headed by …Prime Minister…In July 2013 the country held its second general elections, in which the former opposition People’s Democratic Party gained a majority of the seats in the National Assembly, resulting in the country’s first democratic transfer of power to the opposition. International election observers reported the elections were generally free and fair.

Source: U.S. Department of State

Based on the statement, how does the nation of Bhutan uphold the principles expressed in the English Bill of Rights?

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